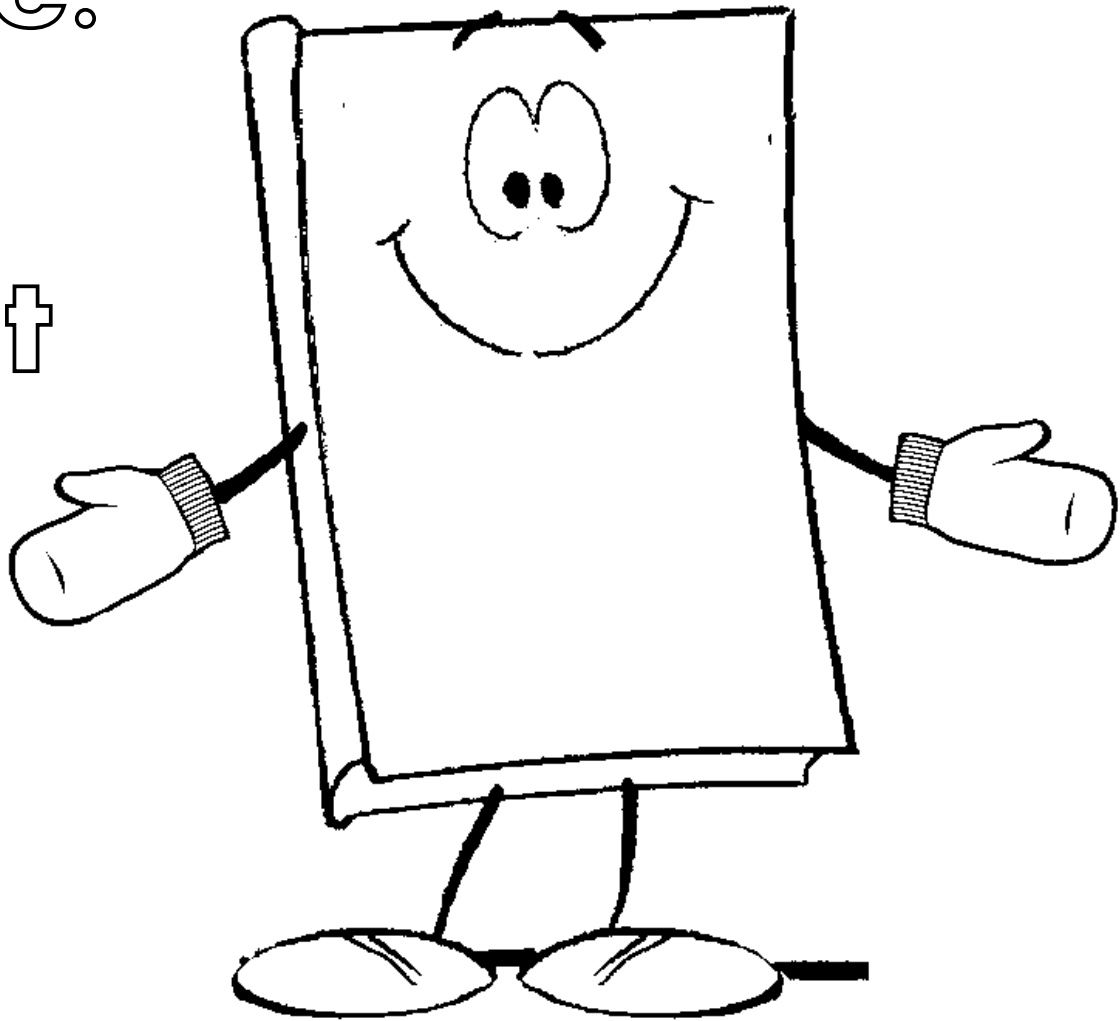


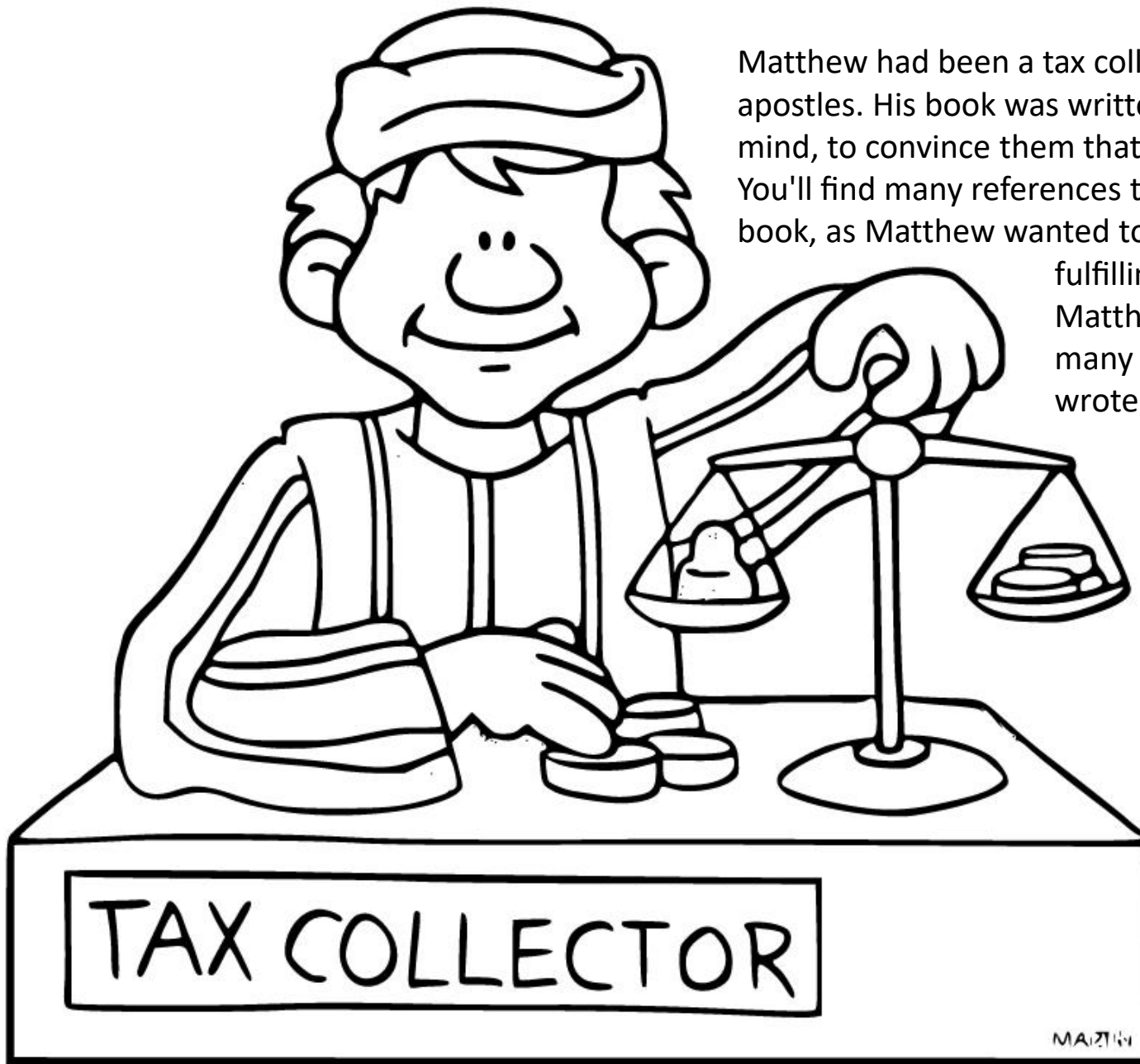
The Books  
of the Bible:  
New  
Testament

Coloring  
Book



## Matthew

Matthew had been a tax collector and was one of the apostles. His book was written mostly with the Jews in mind, to convince them that Jesus was the Messiah. You'll find many references to the Old Testament in this book, as Matthew wanted to show how Jesus was fulfilling the prophecies. Matthew was an eyewitness to many of the events that he wrote about.



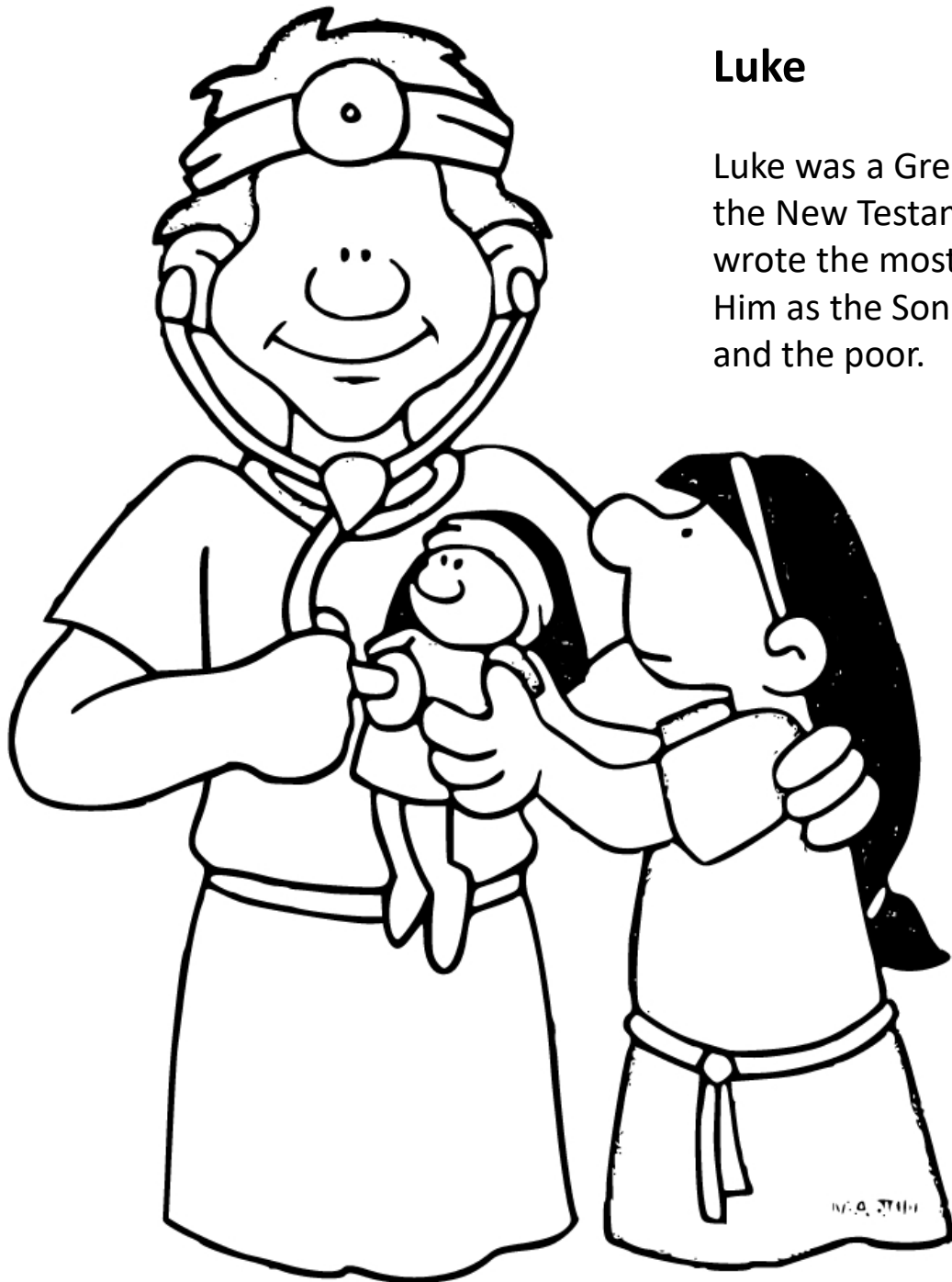
## Mark

Mark was a companion of Peter, as well as Paul. His Gospel contains accounts of what he heard Peter tell many times. He emphasized the supernatural power of Jesus over nature, disease, and demons.



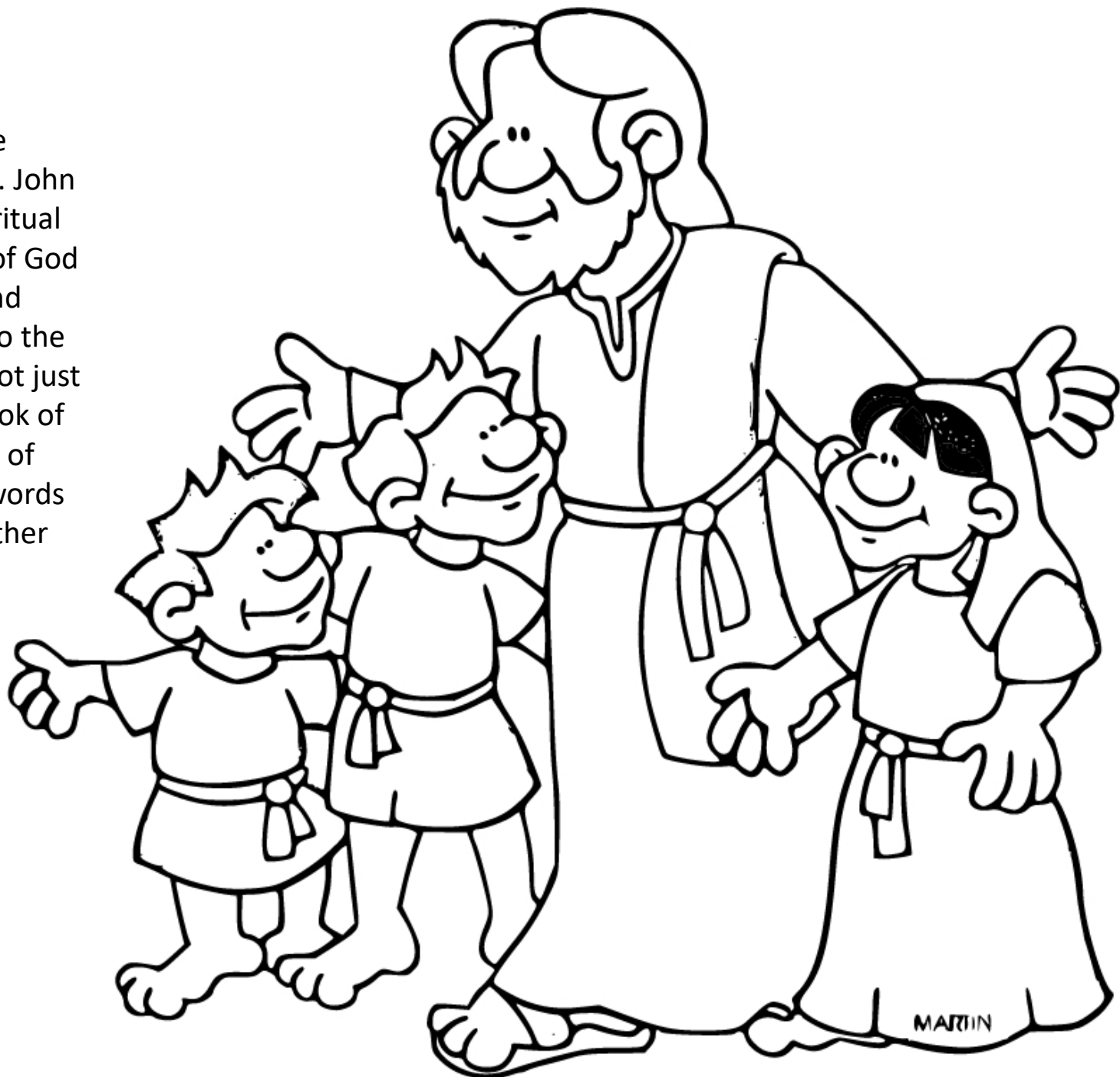
## Luke

Luke was a Greek physician (the only non-Jewish author in the New Testament) and was a companion of Paul. He wrote the most complete biography of Jesus, portraying Him as the Son of man, full of compassion for the sinful and the poor.



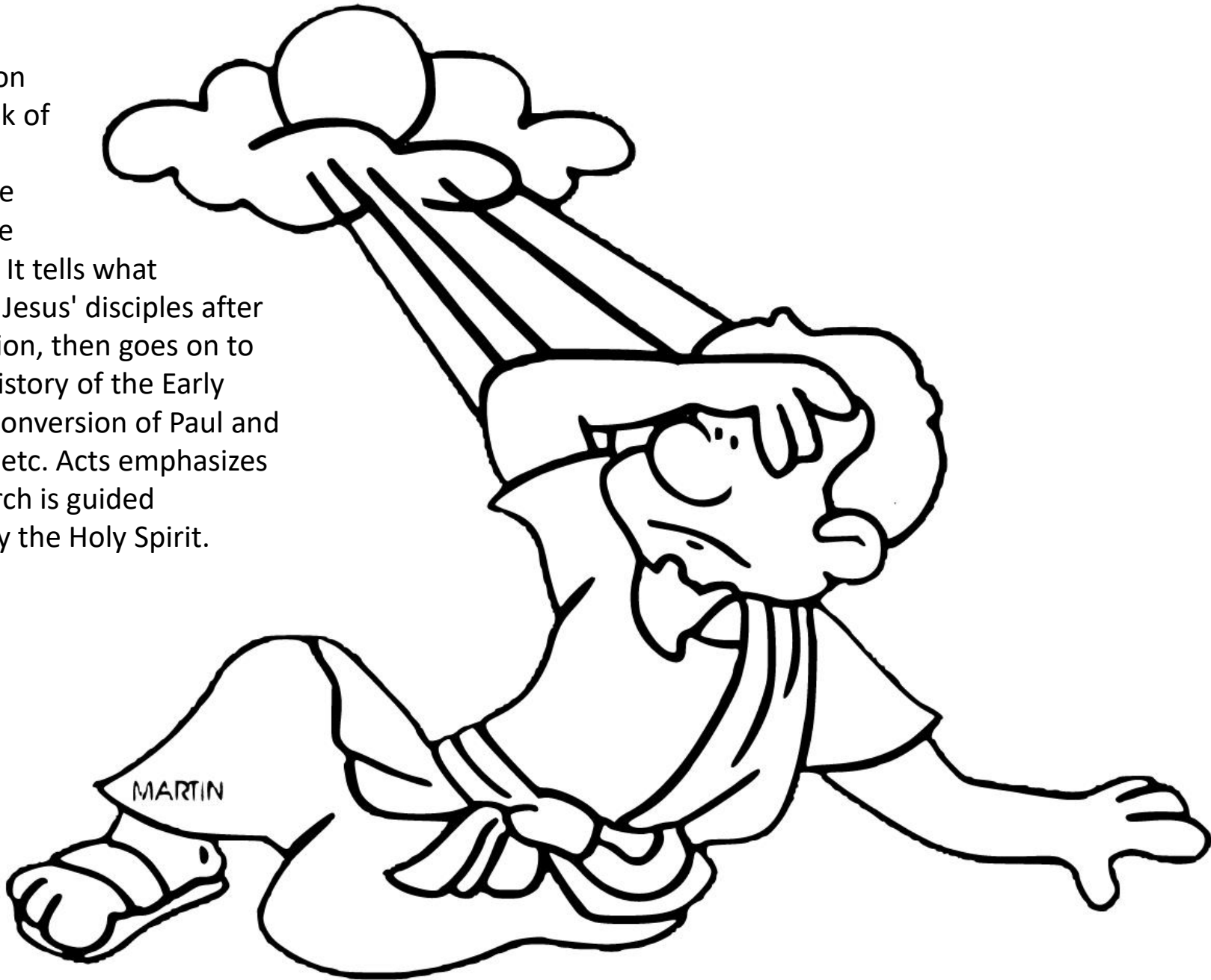
## John

John was one of the original 12 apostles. John understood the spiritual depths of the love of God and His salvation and what Jesus meant to the whole world, and not just to the Jews. The book of John contains more of the actual quoted words of Jesus than any other book.



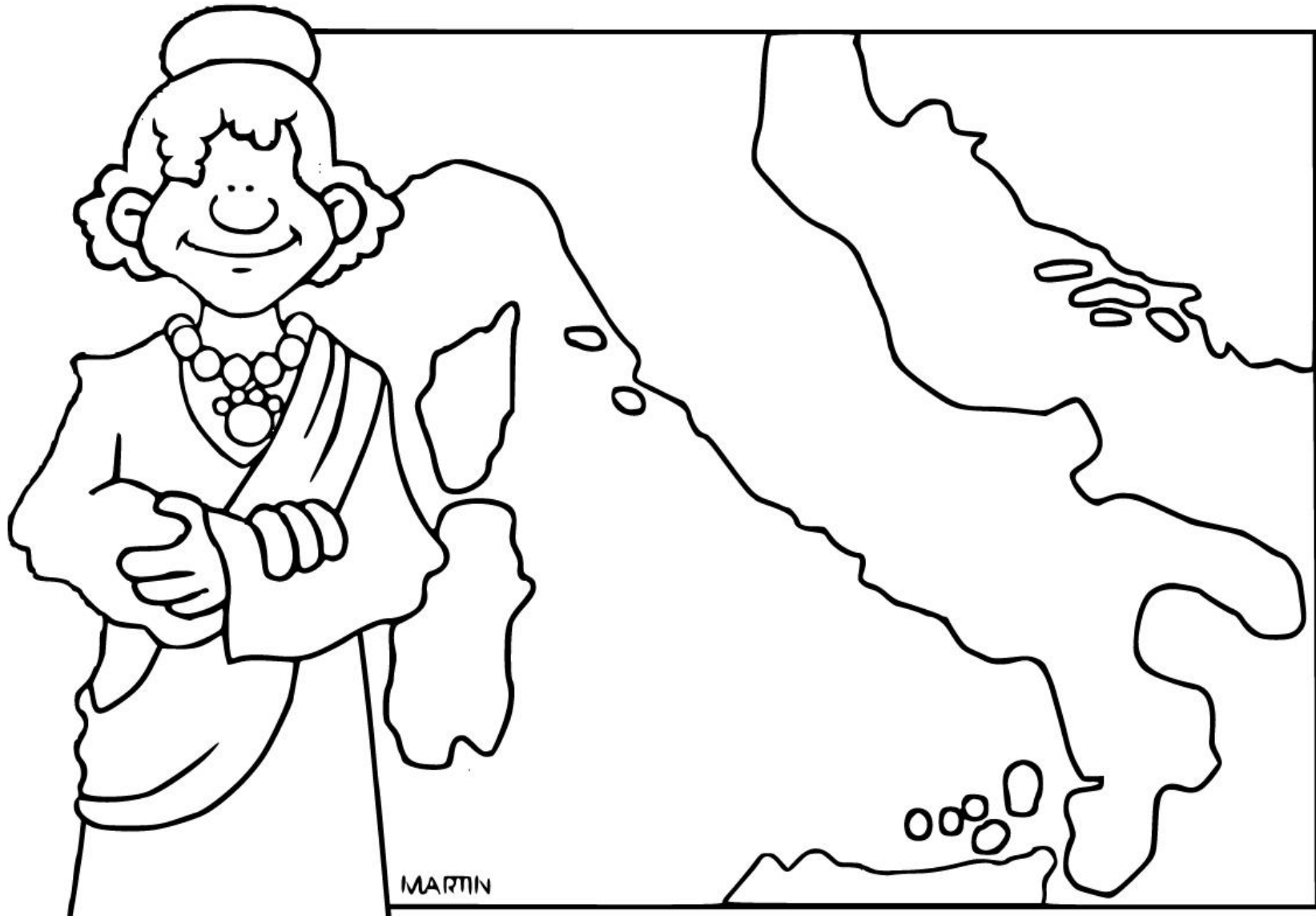
## Acts

Acts follows on from the book of Luke and is believed to be written by the same author. It tells what happened to Jesus' disciples after His resurrection, then goes on to explain the history of the Early Church, the conversion of Paul and his journeys, etc. Acts emphasizes that the Church is guided continually by the Holy Spirit.



# Romans

Addressed to Roman Christians. Chapters 1-11 discuss the plan of salvation. Chapters 12-16 are largely exhortations relating to spiritual, social, and civic duties.



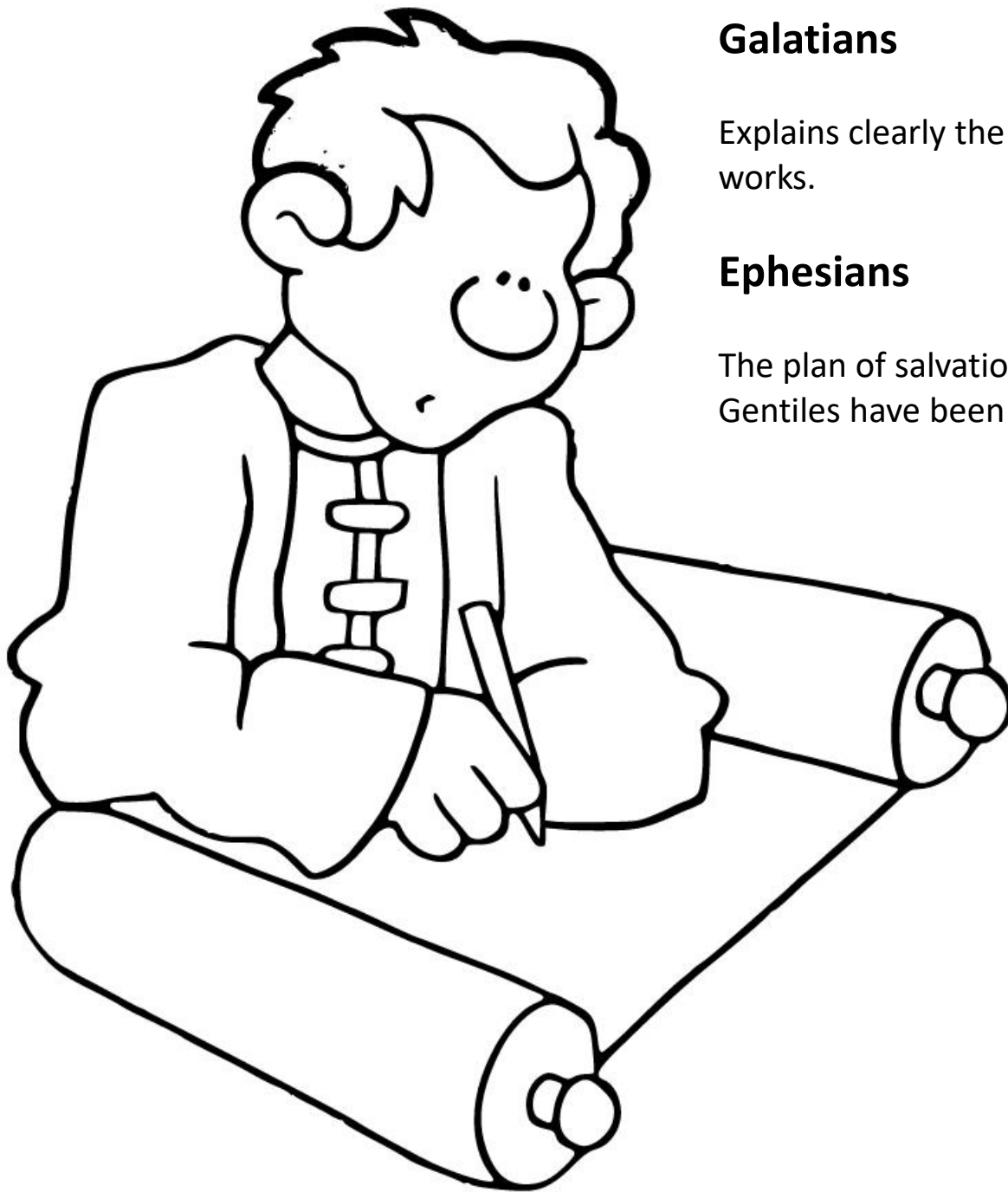


## **1 Corinthians**

Addressed to the Corinthian church. Leading topics – the cleansing of the church from various evils, together with doctrinal instructions.

## **2 Corinthians**

The characteristics of the ministry, and vindication of Paul's apostleship.



## **Galatians**

Explains clearly the concept of salvation by faith, not works.

## **Ephesians**

The plan of salvation. All barriers between Jews and Gentiles have been broken down.

## **Philippians**

A letter to the Philippian church. It reveals Paul's intense devotion to Christ, his experience in prison, and his deep concern that the church should be steadfast in sound doctrine.

## **Colossians**

Counsel to abandon worldly philosophy and sin. Jesus is the head of the Church.

## 1 Thessalonians

Exhortations and counsel. Also prophecies of the Endtime.

## 2 Thessalonians

More about Jesus' Second Coming and warnings to believers.

## 1 Timothy

Counsel to a young pastor concerning his conduct and ministry.

## 2 Timothy

Paul's last letter, written shortly before his death, giving counsel to his beloved "son in the Gospel," Timothy.





## **Titus**

Counsel given to a trusted friend.

## **Philemon**

A private letter written to Philemon, beseeching him to receive and forgive Onesimus, a runaway slave.

## **Hebrews**

Written to Jewish Christians, this epistle explains the doctrine of salvation. Also contains very inspiring history of God's people (chapter 11).

## **James**

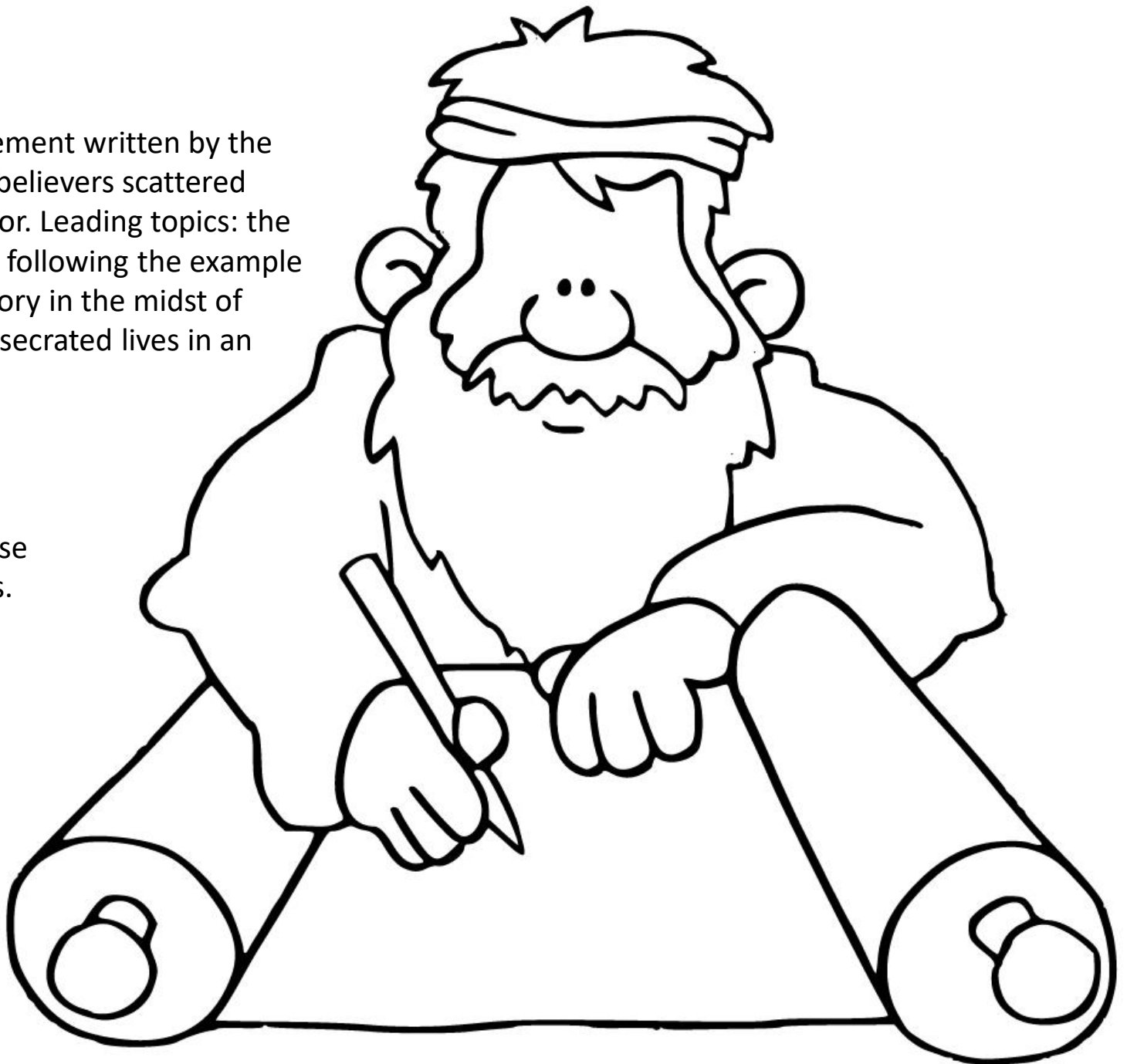
Probably written by James, the brother of Jesus. Addressed to Jewish converts who had dispersed from Israel. The main theme is practical religion, manifesting itself in good works, as contrasted with only a profession of faith.

## 1 Peter

A letter of encouragement written by the apostle Peter to the believers scattered throughout Asia Minor. Leading topics: the privilege of believers following the example of Jesus, to have victory in the midst of trials, and to live consecrated lives in an unfriendly world.

## 2 Peter

A warning against false teachers and scoffers.



## 1 John

Written by the apostle John. It lays great importance upon the believer's privilege of spiritual knowledge, the duty of fellowship and brotherly love.

## 2 John

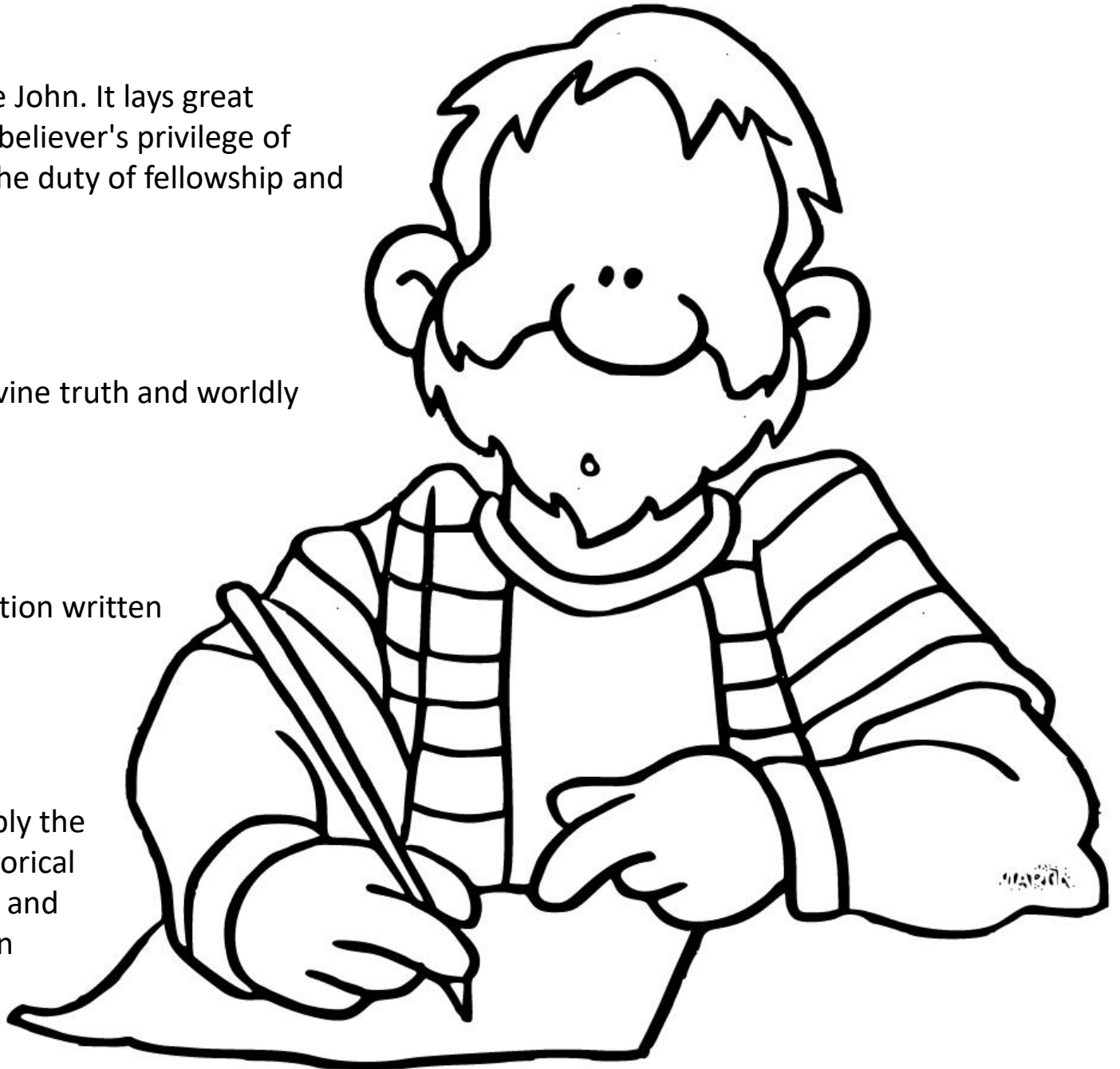
A brief message on divine truth and worldly error.

## 3 John

A letter of commendation written to Gaius.

## Jude

The writer was probably the brother of James. Historical Examples of apostasy and divine judgments upon sinners.



## Revelation

Revelation was written down by the apostle John, who was also the author of the Gospel of John and three Epistles. The book of Revelation contains complex and detailed prophecies about the future, with much detail on the Endtime, the events preceding and following Jesus' Second Coming, on into the Millennium. It concludes with a wonderful description of Heaven.



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